

TLEACH in WSN

Software: NetSim Standard v14.3, Visual Studio 2022

Project Download Link:

<https://github.com/NetSim-TETCOS/T-LEACH-in-WSN-v14.3/archive/refs/heads/main.zip>

Follow the instructions specified in the following link to download and set up the Project in NetSim:

<https://support.tetcos.com/en/support/solutions/articles/14000128666-downloading-and-setting-up-netsim-file-exchange-projects>

Introduction:

Low-energy adaptive clustering hierarchy ("LEACH") is a MAC protocol that is integrated with clustering and a simple routing protocol in wireless sensor networks (WSNs). The goal of LEACH is to lower the energy consumption required to create and maintain clusters to improve the lifetime of a wireless sensor network.

This Cross-Layer Protocol is implemented in NetSim in the MAC layer which involves ZigBee Protocol and the Network layer which involves DSR protocol. The clustering of sensors happens in the Network layer and the Cluster head election involves interacting with the MAC layer to obtain the remaining power of the sensors.

TLEACH is a Threshold-based LEACH in which nodes with remaining energy greater than a threshold value are considered to elect the cluster head. The sensor that is closer to the sink node is elected as the cluster head. Whenever all sensors in a cluster reach an energy level lower than the threshold, the threshold is reduced.

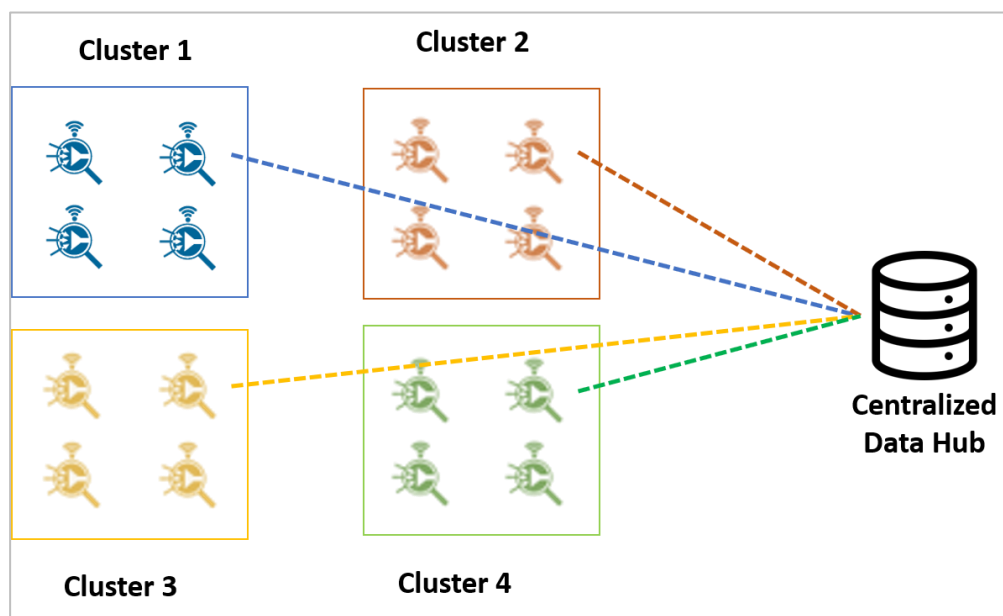


Figure 1: Network Scenario.

Implementation of TLEACH in WSN:

A **TLEACH.c** file is added to the DSR project.

1. For this implementation of TLEACH, the number of Clusters is fixed as 4 and all the 4 clusters are equal. If the user wants to change it, then he/she must also change the static routing for the Cluster Heads and the Cluster Element array accordingly.

```

25 : Uncomment the one you want to use.
26 : *****/
27
28
29 #include "main.h"
30 #include "DSR.h"
31 #include "List.h"
32 #include "../BatteryModel/BatteryModel.h"
33 #include "../ZigBee/B02_15_4.h"
34 #define NUMBEROFCLUSTERS 4
35 #define SIZEOFCLUSTERS 16 //SIZEOFCLUSTERS can be 1,4,9,16,25
36 #define THRESHOLD_PROPORTION 0.7 //Threshold is set to 70% of the maximum battery level in the cluster
37
38 static int CHcount[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS];
39 static int prevCH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS];
40 static int CHthreshold[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS]; //Contains the energy threshold value for each cluster
41
42 int sinknodeID;
43 FILE* fp;
44 //For 100 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 25, uncomment this
45 //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,3,4,5,11,12,13,14,15,21,22,23,24,25,31,32,33,34,35,41,42,43,44,45},\
46 // {6,7,8,9,10,16,17,18,19,20,26,27,28,29,30,36,37,38,39,46,47,48,49,50},\
47 // {51,52,53,54,55,61,62,63,64,65,71,72,73,74,75,81,82,83,84,85,91,92,93,94,95},\
48 // {56,57,58,59,60,66,67,68,69,70,76,77,78,79,80,86,87,88,89,90,96,97,98,99,100}};
49
50 //For 64 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 16, uncomment this
51 int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,3,4,9,10,11,12,17,18,19,20,25,26,27,28},\
52 // {5,6,7,8,13,14,15,16,21,22,23,24,29,30,31,32},\
53 // {33,34,35,36,41,42,43,44,49,50,51,52,57,58,59,60},\
54 // {37,38,39,40,45,46,47,48,53,54,55,56,61,62,63,64}};
55
56 //For 36 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 9, uncomment this
57 //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,3,7,8,9,13,14,15},{4,5,6,10,11,12,16,17,18},{19,20,21,25,26,27,31,32,33},{22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30}};
58
59 //For 16 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 4, uncomment this
60 //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,5,6},{3,4,7,8},{9,10,13,14},{11,12,15,16}};
61
62 //For 4 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 1, uncomment this
63 //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1},{2},{3},{4}};

```

Figure 2: TLEACH.c file

2. To make 4 equal clusters the number of sensors must be 4,16,36,64,100. Depending on the number of sensors, the Cluster Elements array must be defined. Here, it has been defined and commented for 4,16,36,64,100 sensors.
3. Uncomment the one you want to use. Change the number and size of the clusters in TLeach.c file. Create a new scenario in the same workspace and Drop the Number of sensors in GUI as mentioned in the comment in code.

The file contains the following functions:

- **fn_NetSim_TLEACH_CheckDestination();** // This function is used to check whether the current device is the destination (i.e.) the sink node or not. Else the packet will be forwarded to the next hop.
- **fn_NetSim_TLEACH_GetNextHop();** // This function is used to identify the next hop in cases where the current device is either a sensor within the cluster or the cluster head. Static routes are defined in this function. It returns the Device id of the next hop.
- **fn_NetSim_TLEACH_AssignClusterHead();** // This function is used to dynamically assign cluster heads within a cluster based on the residual energy. The sensor with higher remaining power in comparison to other sensors within the same cluster will be elected as the cluster head.
- **fn_NetSim_TLEACH_IdentifyCluster();** // This function is used to determine the cluster to which a sensor belongs. It returns the cluster id of the cluster.

- **fn_NetSim_TLEACH_init();** // It is used to initialize TLEACH parameters such as the sink node ID and the initial Threshold value.
- **fn_NetSim_TLEACH_set_threshold();** // It is used to reduce the threshold value for clusters whenever all sensors in a cluster reach energy level less than the threshold.

Example:

1. The **TLEACH-in-WSN-Workspace** comes with a sample network configuration that is already saved. To open this example, go to Your work in the home screen of NetSim and click on the **TLEACH-in-WSN-Example** from the list of experiments.
2. The example consists of a WSN network with 64 sensors placed uniformly along with a sink node as shown below:

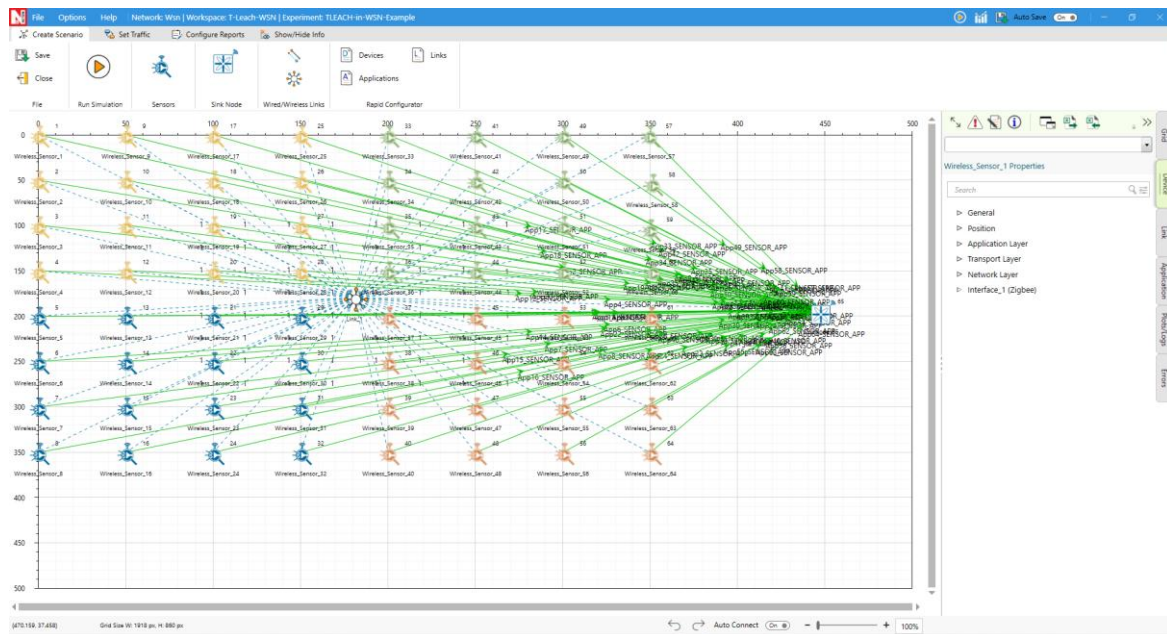


Figure 3: Network Topology

3. Run the Simulation for 500 Seconds.

Results and discussion:

In packet trace you will note that the sensors directly start transmitting packets without route establishment since the routes are statically defined in TLEACH.

PACKET_ID	SEGMENT_ID	PACKET_TYPE	CONTROL_PACKET_TYPE/APP_NAME	SOURCE_ID	DESTINATION_ID	TRANSMITTER_ID	RECEIVER_ID	APP_LAYER_ARRIVAL_TIME(μs)	TRX_LAYER_ARRIVAL_TIME(μs)	NW_LAYER_ARRIVAL_TIME
1	1	0 Sensing	App16_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-16	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-16	SENSOR-29	0	0	0
2	1	0 Sensing	App28_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-28	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-28	SENSOR-60	0	0	0
4	1	0 Sensing	App64_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-64	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-64	SENSOR-61	0	0	0
5	1	0 Sensing	App27_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-27	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-27	SENSOR-28	0	0	0
6	1	0 Sensing	App13_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-13	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-13	SENSOR-29	0	0	0
7	1	0 Sensing	App39_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-39	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-39	SENSOR-61	0	0	0
8	1	0 Sensing	App24_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-24	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-24	SENSOR-60	0	0	0
9	1	0 Sensing	App24_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-24	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-24	SENSOR-29	0	0	0
10	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SENSOR-29	SENSOR-24	SENSOR-29	SENSOR-24	N/A	N/A	N/A
11	1	0 Sensing	App22_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-22	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-22	SENSOR-29	0	0	0
12	1	0 Sensing	App59_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-59	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-59	SENSOR-60	0	0	0
13	1	0 Sensing	App15_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-15	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-15	SENSOR-29	0	0	0
14	1	0 Sensing	App51_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-51	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-51	SENSOR-60	0	0	0
15	1	0 Sensing	App29_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-29	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-29	SENSOR-61	0	0	0
16	1	0 Sensing	App57_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-57	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-57	SENSOR-60	0	0	0
17	1	0 Sensing	App61_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	0	0	0
18	1	0 Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-19	0	0	0
19	1	0 Sensing	App39_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-39	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-39	SENSOR-61	0	0	0
20	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SENSOR-61	SENSOR-39	SENSOR-61	SENSOR-39	N/A	N/A	N/A
21	1	0 Sensing	App27_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-27	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-27	SENSOR-28	0	0	0
22	1	0 Sensing	App59_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-59	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-59	SENSOR-60	0	0	0
23	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SENSOR-60	SENSOR-59	SENSOR-60	SENSOR-59	N/A	N/A	N/A
24	1	0 Sensing	App39_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-39	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-39	SENSOR-61	0	0	0
25	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SENSOR-61	SENSOR-39	SENSOR-61	SENSOR-39	N/A	N/A	N/A
26	1	0 Sensing	App60_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-60	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-60	SINKNODE-65	0	0	0
27	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-60	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-60	N/A	N/A	N/A
28	1	0 Sensing	App27_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-27	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-27	SENSOR-28	0	0	0
29	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SENSOR-28	SENSOR-27	SENSOR-28	SENSOR-27	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	1	0 Sensing	App61_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	0	0	0
31	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	N/A	N/A	N/A
32	1	0 Sensing	App39_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-39	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	0	0	0
33	0 N/A	Control_Packet	Zigbee_ACK	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	N/A	N/A	N/A
34	1	0 Sensing	App39_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-39	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-61	SINKNODE-65	0	0	0

Figure 4: NetSim Packet trace results for packet transmission

The cluster heads change dynamically. Users can observe the cluster head selection by filtering an application in the packet trace, as shown in the figure below.

Additionally, by filtering the transmitter ID, users can identify the node or sensor that is elected as the cluster head for a particular sensor

PACKET_ID	SEGMENT_ID	PACKET_TYPE	CONTROL_PACKET_TYPE/APP_NAME	SOURCE_ID	DESTINATION_ID	TRANSMITTER_ID	RECEIVER_ID
1	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-19
1	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-19
1	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-19
1	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-19
1	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-19
26	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
26	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
26	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
31	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
31	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
31	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
31	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
39	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
39	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
39	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
39	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28
40	0	Sensing	App1_SENSOR_APP	SENSOR-1	SINKNODE-65	SENSOR-1	SENSOR-28

Figure 5: NetSim Packet trace results for cluster head selection.

The battery model table reveals that the consumed energy is significantly lower with TLEACH protocol implementation compared to without TLEACH. This can be observed in the battery model table by clicking the additional metrics present in Results dashboard window.

With TLEACH Protocol Implementation:

Battery model			
Device Name	Initial energy(mJ)	Consumed energy(mJ)	Remaining Energy(mJ)
WIRELESS_SENSOR_1	3888000.000000	5971.324494	3882747.402109
WIRELESS_SENSOR_2	3888000.000000	5973.922090	3882744.804513
WIRELESS_SENSOR_3	3888000.000000	5972.691751	3882746.034852
WIRELESS_SENSOR_4	3888000.000000	5971.950550	3882746.776053
WIRELESS_SENSOR_5	3888000.000000	5968.337915	3882750.388688
WIRELESS_SENSOR_6	3888000.000000	5975.100174	3882743.626428
WIRELESS_SENSOR_7	3888000.000000	5976.445659	3882742.280944

Figure 6: Battery model table

Without TLEACH Protocol Implementation:

Without TLEACH battery model results can be obtained by resetting the binaries option present under your work in NetSim home screen window.

Battery model			
Device Name	Initial energy(mJ)	Consumed energy(mJ)	Remaining Energy(mJ)
WIRELESS_SENSOR_1	3888000.000000	6042.084422	3882677.284468
WIRELESS_SENSOR_2	3888000.000000	6088.678905	3882630.689985
WIRELESS_SENSOR_3	3888000.000000	6065.383587	3882653.985302
WIRELESS_SENSOR_4	3888000.000000	6042.081519	3882677.287371
WIRELESS_SENSOR_5	3888000.000000	6042.081519	3882677.287371
WIRELESS_SENSOR_6	3888000.000000	6042.081519	3882677.287371
WIRELESS_SENSOR_7	3888000.000000	6042.084422	3882677.284468

Figure 7: Battery model table

Note: You can observe slight variation in the Consumed energy with and without TLEACH protocol implementation.

Users can modify the number of nodes by uncommenting the following lines in the Leach.c file within the DSR project.

This allows testing with different sets of sensors, such as 4, 9, or 25 nodes.

Example for 25 sensors,

```

25  //*****
26
27  #include "main.h"
28  #include "DSR.h"
29  #include "List.h"
30  #include "../BatteryModel/BatteryModel.h"
31  #include "../ZigBee/802_15_4.h"
32
33  #define NUMBEROFCLUSTERS 4
34  #define SIZEOFCLUSTERS 25 //SIZEOFCLUSTERS can be 1,4,9,16,25
35
36  static int CHcount[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS];
37  static int prevCH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS];
38
39
40
41  //For 100 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 25, uncomment this
42  int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,3,4,5,11,12,13,14,15,21,22,23,24,25,31,32,33,34,35,41,42,43,44,45},\
43  {6,7,8,9,10,16,17,18,19,20,26,27,28,29,30,36,37,38,39,40,46,47,48,49,50},\
44  {51,52,53,54,55,61,62,63,64,65,71,72,73,74,75,81,82,83,84,85,91,92,93,94,95},\
45  {56,57,58,59,60,66,67,68,69,70,76,77,78,79,80,86,87,88,89,90,96,97,98,99,100}};
46
47  //For 64 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 16, uncomment this
48  //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = { {1,2,3,4,9,10,11,12,17,18,19,20,25,26,27,28},\
49  // {5,6,7,8,13,14,15,16,21,22,23,24,29,30,31,32},\
50  // {33,34,35,36,41,42,43,44,49,50,51,52,57,58,59,60},\
51  // {37,38,39,40,45,46,47,48,53,54,55,56,61,62,63,64} };
52
53  //For 36 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 9, uncomment this
54  //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,3,7,8,9,13,14,15}, {4,5,6,10,11,12,16,17,18}, {19,20,21,25,26,27,31,32,33}, {22,23,24,
55
56  //For 16 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 4, uncomment this
57  //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1,2,5,6}, {3,4,7,8}, {9,10,13,14}, {11,12,15,16}};
58
59  //For 4 sensors and SIZEOFCLUSTERS = 1, uncomment this
60  //int ClusterElements[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS][SIZEOFCLUSTERS] = {{1},{2},{3},{4}};
61
62

```

Along with the following line in function fn_NetSim_LEACH_GetNextHop()

```

64  int fn_NetSim_LEACH_CheckDestination(NETSIM_ID nDeviceId, NETSIM_ID nDestinationId)
65  //Function to check whether the Device ID is same as the Destination ID
66  {
67      if (nDeviceId == nDestinationId)
68          return 1;
69      else
70          return 0;
71  }
72
73  int fn_NetSim_LEACH_GetNextHop(Netsim_EVENTDETAILS* pstruEventDetails)
74  {
75      int nextHop;
76      NETSIM_ID nInterface;
77
78      int CH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS] = {23,28,73,78};
79      //int CH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS] = { 19,22,43,46 };
80      //int CH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS] = {8,11,26,29};
81      //int CH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS] = {6,7,10,11};
82      //int CH[NUMBEROFCLUSTERS] = {1,2,3,4};
83
84      int i;
85      int ClusterId;
86
87      //This for loop dynamically assigns the Cluster Heads based on their energy.
88      //Comment this for loop to enable fixed cluster heads.
89      for (i = 0; i < NUMBEROFCLUSTERS; i++)
90      {

```