

Rebroadcasting packet in NetSim MANET/VANETS

Software Used: NetSim Standard v13.0 (32bit/ 64bit), Microsoft Visual Studio2019

Project Download Link:

https://github.com/NetSim-TETCOS/Probability-based-rebroadcast_v13.0/archive/refs/heads/main.zip

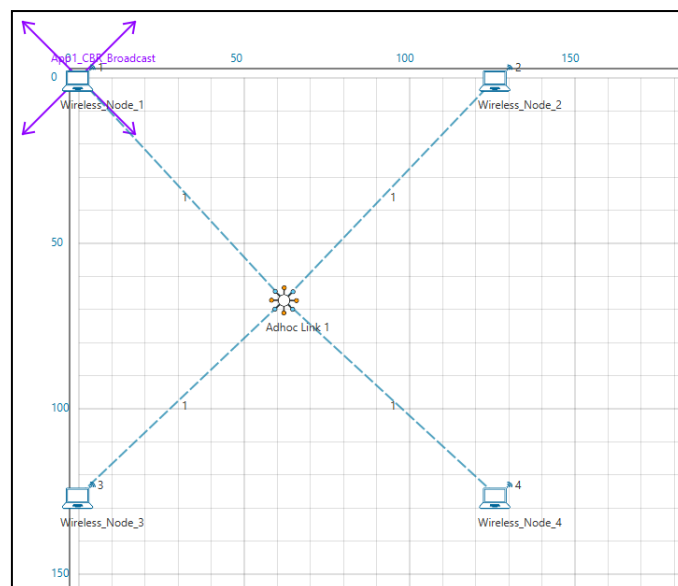
Follow the instructions specified in the following link to download and setup the Project in NetSim:

<https://support.tetcos.com/en/support/solutions/articles/14000128666-downloading-and-setting-up-netsim-file-exchange-projects>

Broadcasting:

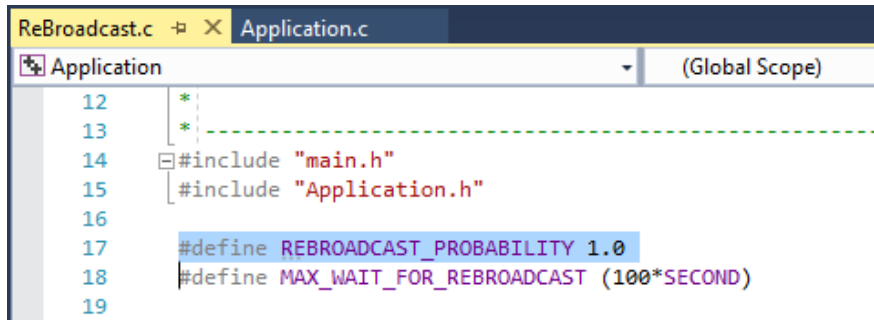
Broadcasting is the process of sending a message from one node to all other nodes in an ad-hoc network. It is a fundamental operation for communication in ad-hoc networks as it allows for the update of network information and route discovery at every node.

Rebroadcasting:



Wireless Node 1 initiates a broadcast message and the message is received by nodes 2, 3 and 4. 2, 3 and 4 rebroadcast the message if they have not broadcasted that before. Furthermore, this implementation involves a Rebroadcast_Probability based on which the nodes resend the packets.

Probability-based rebroadcasting - The decision of rebroadcasting is based upon a random probability. This probability may be as simple as flipping a coin or it may be very complex involving probabilities which include parameters such as node density, duplicate packets received, battery power or a particular nodes participation within the network etc. Users can change the Rebroadcast_Probability macros present in Rebroadcast.c file as shown below:



```
ReBroadcast.c Application.c
Application (Global Scope)
12  *
13  *
14  #include "main.h"
15  #include "Application.h"
16
17  #define REBROADCAST_PROBABILITY 1.0
18  #define MAX_WAIT_FOR_REBROADCAST (100*SECOND)
19
```

Rebroadcasting in NetSim:

To implement this project in NetSim, we have created an additional Rebroadcast.c file inside Application project. The file contains the following functions:

- `void rebroadcast_packet();`

This function is used to rebroadcast the packet.

- `static bool isRebroadcastAllowed();`

This function is used to check whether rebroadcasting is allowed or not.

- `void rebroadcast_add_packet_to_info();`

This function is used to add the packet to rebroadcast list.

- `static void cleanup_broadcast_info();`

This function is used to clean the broadcast information.

Code modifications done in NetSim:

1. We have added the following lines of code in `fn_NetSim_Application_Run()` function in the `APPLICATION_IN_EVENT` present in `Application.c` file inside `Application` project. This is used to generate next broadcast packet if the current device is present in the source list.

```

67 case APPLICATION_IN_EVENT:
68 {
69     NetSim_PACKET* pstruPacket=pstruEventDetails->pPacket;
70     if(pstruPacket->nPacketType != PacketType_Control && pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nApplicationId &&
71        pstruPacket->nControlDataType/100 != PROTOCOL_APPLICATION)
72     {
73         ptrAPPLICATION_INFO pstruappinfo;
74         fnValidatePacket(pstruPacket);
75         pstruappinfo=applicationInfo(pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nApplicationId-1);
76         pstruPacket->pstruAppData->dEndTime = pstruEventDetails->dEventTime;
77         fn_NetSim_Application_Plot(pstruPacket);
78     #ifdef REBROADCAST
79         if (pstruappinfo->sSourceList[0] == pstruPacket->nSourceId)
80         #endif
81         apmetrics_dest_add(pstruappinfo, pstruPacket, pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId);
82         if(pstruappinfo->nAppType==TRAFFIC_PEER_TO_PEER && pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nAppEndFlag==1)
83         {
84             fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_MarkReceivedPacket(pstruappinfo, pstruPacket);
85             fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_SendNextPiece(pstruappinfo, get_first_dest_from_packet(pstruPacket), pstruEventDetails->dEventTime);
86         }
87         if(pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_EMULATION && pstruPacket->szPayload)
88         {
89             fn_NetSim_Dispatch_to_emulator(pstruPacket);
90         }
91         if (pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_BSM_APP)
92         {
93             process_saej2735_packet(pstruPacket);
94         }

```

2. The following lines of code are added in the `handle_app_out()` function present in `APP_OUT.c` file inside `Application` project. The code checks if the destination is '0' i.e., Broadcast packet, then it adds the packet to rebroadcast list.

```

211 }
212
213 pstruPacket->pstruTransportData->nTransportProtocol = appInfo->trxProtocol;
214
215 //Fragment the packet
216 int nSegmentCount = 0;
217 double segmentSize = fn_NetSim_Stack_GetMSS(pstruPacket);
218 nSegmentCount = fn_NetSim_Stack_FragmentPacket(pstruPacket, (int)fn_NetSim_Stack_GetMSS(pstruPacket));
219 //add rebroadcast
220 #ifdef REBROADCAST
221 if (appInfo->sSourceList[0] == pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId)
222 #endif
223 set_app_end_and_generate_next_packet(pstruPacket, otherDetails, destCount, dest);
224
225 //Add the dummy payload to packet
226 fn_NetSim_Add_DummyPayload(pstruPacket, appInfo);
227 #ifdef REBROADCAST
228 if (appInfo->sSourceList[0] == pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId)
229 #endif
230 apmetrics_src_add(appInfo, pstruPacket);
231
232 appout_send_packet(s, appinfo, pstruPacket, nDeviceId);
233 #ifdef REBROADCAST
234 if (!dest[0])
235     rebroadcast_add_packet_to_info(pstruPacket, pstruEventDetails->dEventTime);
236 #endif // REBROADCAST
237
238

```

3. Now add the following code in `fn_NetSim_Application_Run()` function in `APPLICATION_IN_EVENT` present in `Application.c` file inside `Application` project. It checks

whether the destination is '0' or not. If it is '0', then it rebroadcasts the packet or else deletes the packet.

```

91 if (pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_BSM_APP)
92 {
93     process_saej2735_packet(pstruPacket);
94 }
95 #ifdef REBROADCAST
96     UINT destCount;
97     NETSIM_ID* dest = get_dest_from_packet(pstruPacket, &destCount);
98     if (!dest[0])
99     {
100         rebroadcast_packet(pstruPacket,
101             pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId,
102             pstruEventDetails->nEventTime);
103     }
104     else
105     {
106     #endif
107         //Delete the packet
108         fn_NetSim_Packet_FreePacket(pstruPacket);
109         //add
110     #endif
111     // REBROADCAST
112     #ifdef REBROADCAST
113     }
114 #endif
115 }
116 // Here which type is placed is only getting processed next one is not getting processed
117 else if (pstruPacket->nControlDataType == packet_COAP_REQUEST)
118 {

```

```

67 case APPLICATION_IN_EVENT:
68 {
69     NetSim_PACKET* pstruPacket=pstruEventDetails->pPacket;
70     if (pstruPacket->nPacketType != PacketType_Control && pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nApplicationId &&
71         pstruPacket->nControlDataType/100 != PROTOCOL_APPLICATION)
72     {
73         ptrAPPLICATION_INFO pstruappinfo;
74         fnValidatePacket(pstruPacket);
75         pstruappinfo=applicationInfo(pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nApplicationId-1);
76         pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nEndTime = pstruEventDetails->nEventTime;
77         fn_NetSim_Application_Plot(pstruPacket);
78     #ifdef REBROADCAST
79         if (pstruappinfo->sourceList[0] == pstruPacket->nSourceId)
80         #endif
81         appmetrics_dest_add(pstruappinfo, pstruPacket, pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId);
82         if (pstruappinfo->nAppType==TRAFFIC_PEER_TO_PEER && pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nAppEndFlag==1)
83         {
84             fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_MarkReceivedPacket(pstruappinfo,pstruPacket);
85             fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_SendNextPiece(pstruappinfo,get_first_dest_from_packet(pstruPacket),pstruEventDetails->nEventTime);
86         }
87         if (pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_EMULATION && pstruPacket->szPayload)
88         {
89             fn_NetSim_Dispatch_to_emulator(pstruPacket);
90         }
91         if (pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_BSM_APP)
92         {
93             process_saej2735_packet(pstruPacket);
94         }

```

4. We have added the following function declarations in Application.h file.

```

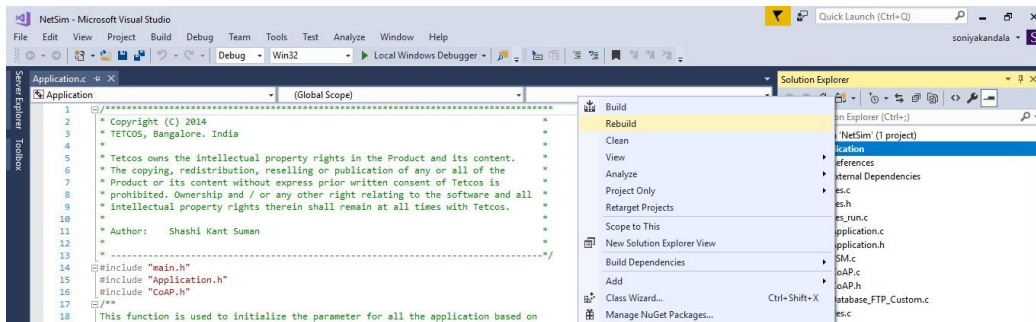
452 int fn_NetSim_Application_Metrics_F(PMETRICSWRITER metricsWriter);
453
454
455 //Application Interface function
456 void fnCreatePort(ptrAPPLICATION_INFO info);
457 int fnCreateSocketBuffer(ptrAPPLICATION_INFO appInfo);
458 void P2P_create_socket(ptrAPPLICATION_INFO appInfo, NETSIM_ID src, NETSIM_ID dest);
459
460 int fn_NetSim_Add_DummyPayload(NetSim_PACKET* packet, ptrAPPLICATION_INFO);
461
462 //Encryption
463 char xor_encrypt(char ch, long key);
464 int aes256(char* str, int* len);
465 int des(char* buf, int* len);
466
467 //Application event handler
468 void handle_app_out();
469 #define REBROADCAST
470 void rebroadcast_add_packet_to_info(NetSim_PACKET* packet, double time);
471 void rebroadcast_packet(NetSim_PACKET* packet, NETSIM_ID devid, double time);
472 #endif
473

```

Steps:

- Goto home page, Click on **Your work** → **Workspace options** → **Open code**

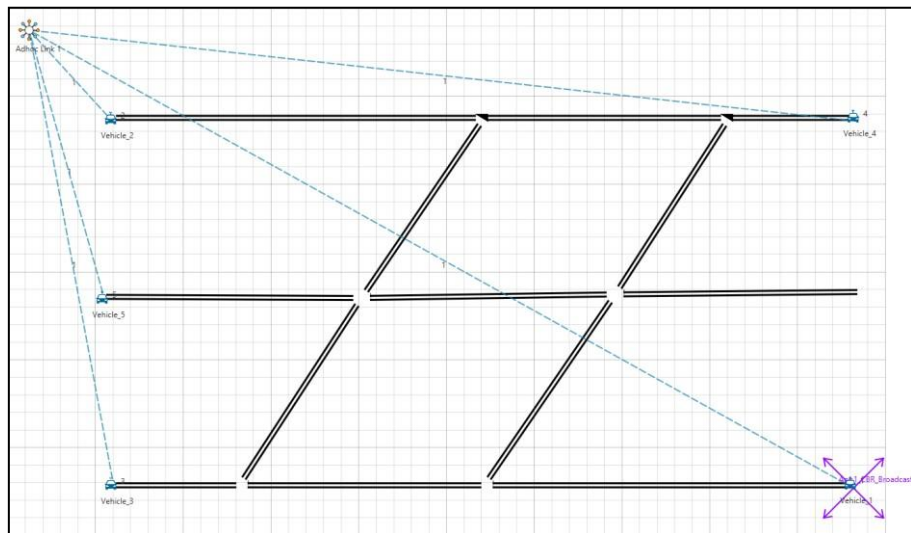
- Right click on Solution in Solution Explorer and select 'Rebuild solution'.



- Upon rebuilding, **libApplication.dll** will automatically get updated in the respective bin folder of the current workspace.

- Go to NetSim home page, click on **Your work**, Click on **Rebroadcasting VANET Example/ Rebroadcasting MANET Example** and run the simulation for 100 seconds.

VANET SCENARIO:



- In the above scenario, Vehicle-1 is broadcasting the packet and it is received by the Vehicles 2, 3 and 4. Then Vehicles 2, 3, and 4 will rebroadcast the same packet based on the probability value in Rebroadcast.c file.

- After simulation, open Packet Trace and filter Packet_Id to '1' or any other id and observe that the nodes other than source are rebroadcasting the same packet.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
	PACKET_ID	SEGMENT_ID	PACKET_TYPE	CONTROL_PACKET_TYPE/APP_NAME	SOURCE_ID	DESTINATION_ID	TRANSMITTER_ID	RECEIVER_ID
2	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-1	Broadcast-0	NODE-1	NODE-2
3	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-1	Broadcast-0	NODE-1	NODE-3
4	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-1	Broadcast-0	NODE-1	NODE-4
5	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-2	Broadcast-0	NODE-2	NODE-1
6	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-2	Broadcast-0	NODE-2	NODE-3
7	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-2	Broadcast-0	NODE-2	NODE-4
8	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-3	Broadcast-0	NODE-3	NODE-1
9	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-3	Broadcast-0	NODE-3	NODE-2
10	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-3	Broadcast-0	NODE-3	NODE-4
20	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-4	Broadcast-0	NODE-4	NODE-1
21	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-4	Broadcast-0	NODE-4	NODE-2
22	1	0	CBR	App1_CBR	NODE-4	Broadcast-0	NODE-4	NODE-3

- Note that Users SHOULD NOT use the performance metrics provided at the end of simulation but should rather calculate the network performance metrics from the packet trace.

- Users can also create their own network scenarios in **Single MANET/VANET** and run the simulation.