

Trusted by 500+ Universities Across the World

NetSim[®]

Accelerate Network R&D

Network Simulation and Emulation Software



EDU Suite


5G NR Networks



Internet of Things


Vehicular Adhoc Networks


Satellite Comm. Networks


Network Attacks


NetSim-MATLAB ML Integration


Network Emulator

WHAT IS NETSIM[®] AND HOW IS IT USED?

NetSim is the industry's leading network simulation software for protocol modelling and simulation, network R & D and defence applications.

It is an end-to-end, full stack, packet level network simulator and emulator, providing researchers with a technology development environment for protocol modelling and network R&D. The behaviour and performance of new protocols and devices can be investigated in a virtual network within NetSim at significantly lower cost and in less time than with hardware prototypes.



Design the network

- Create network scenarios using NetSim's GUI or using XML config files
- Click and drop devices, links, application etc. into the environment using NetSim's GUI
- Set properties with just a click. Layer-wise parameters can be edited



Run the simulation

- Run the Discrete Event Simulation (DES) through the GUI or CLI
- Log packet trace and event trace files
- Capture packets using Wireshark



Analyse high level results

- Examine output performance metrics at multiple levels - network, sub network, link, queue, application etc.
- Study a variety of metrics such as throughput, delay, loss, packet error, link utilization etc.
- Interpret metrics using in-built plots and graphs



Drill down with Network Logs

- Record PHY layer radio data including path-loss, SINR, Shadow fading, Interference, MCS, CQI and more
- Record MAC layer resource allocation
- Seamlessly export .csv format files to spreadsheets and databases



Interface with external software

- MATLAB[®]
- SIMULINK[®]
- SUMO
- WIRESHARK
- Python



Develop your own protocol / algorithm

- Extend existing algorithms by modifying NetSim's source C code
- Create custom protocols using NetSim's simulation API's
- Debug your code (step-in, step-out, step-over, continue) and watch your variables in sync with simulation

WHAT DOES NETSIM'S USER INTERFACE LOOK LIKE ?

PRB Allocation Log

Network Logs

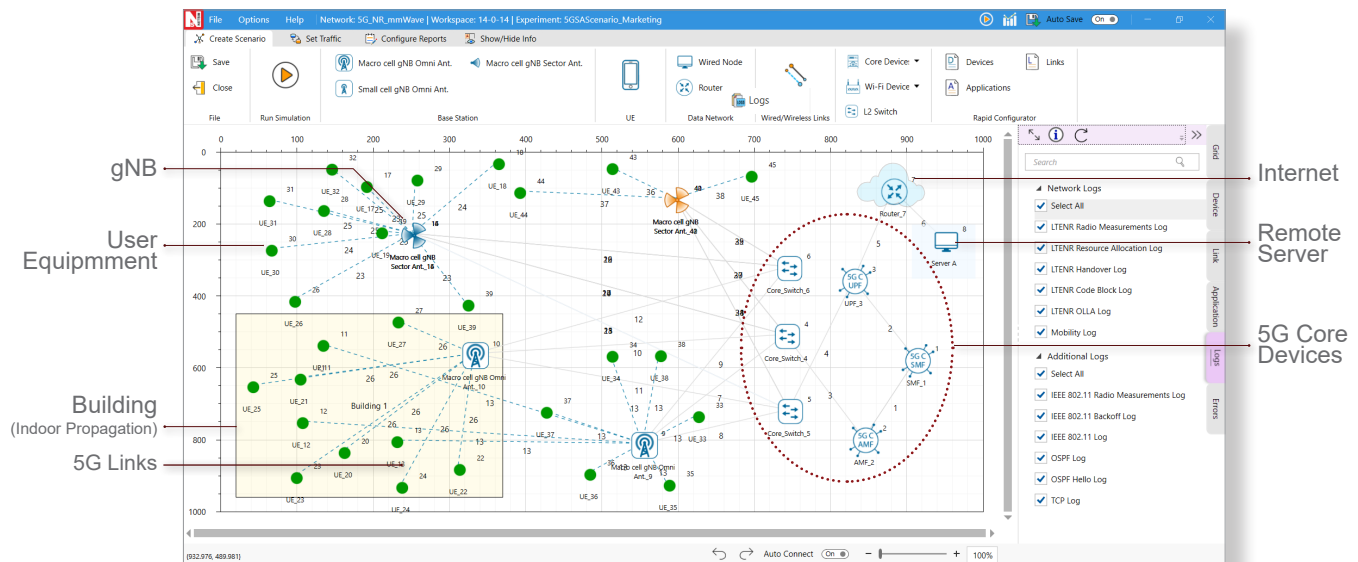
EXPLORE THE WIDE RANGE OF PRODUCT CAPABILITIES

Libraries (Toolboxes)	Networks / Protocols
<p>Component 1 (Base. This is required for all other components to run)</p>	<p>Inter-Networks: Ethernet - Fast & Gigabit, ARP; WLAN - 802.11 a, b, g, n, ac and e Propagation - Pathloss, Shadowing, Fading; IPv4, Firewalls Routing - RIP, OSPF; Queuing - Round Robin, FIFO, Priority; TCP - Old Tahoe, Tahoe, Reno, New Reno, BIC, CUBIC, SACK, Window Scaling; UDP</p> <p>Common Modules: Applications (Traffic Generator): Voice, Video, FTP, Database, HTTP, Email, Interactive Gaming and Custom; Encryption - XOR, TEA, AES, DES; Virtual Network Stack, Simulation Kernel; Command Line Interface, Metrics Engine with Packet Trace and Event Trace; Network Logs, Results window with dynamic plots ; Command Line Interpreter</p> <p>External Interfaces: Wireshark and MATLAB interfaces</p>
<p>Component 2</p>	<p>Legacy & Cellular Networks: Pure Aloha & Slotted Aloha, GSM and CDMA</p>
<p>Component 3</p>	<p>Advanced Routing and Switching: IGMP, PIM, VLAN, ACL, NAT, Layer 3 Switch</p>
<p>Component 4</p>	<p>Mobile Adhoc Networks: MANET - DSR, AODV, OLSR, ZRP; Multiple MANETs, Interfacing with Bridge Node</p>
<p>Component 5</p>	<p>Software Defined Networks: Open flow v1.3 Compatible</p>
<p>Component 6 (Requires C4)</p>	<p>Internet of things: IoT with RPL protocol Wireless Sensor Networks (WSN) LR-WPAN 802.15.4, Energy model</p>
<p>Component 7</p>	<p>Cognitive Radio Networks: WRAN IEEE 802.22</p>
<p>Component 8</p>	<p>Long-Term Evolution Networks: LTE (4G), LTE Advanced (4.5G)</p>
<p>Component 9 (Requires C4)</p>	<p>Vehicular Adhoc Networks: IEEE 1609 WAVE, Basic Safety Message (BSM) protocol per J2735 DSRC, Interface with SUMO for road traffic simulation</p>
<p>Component 10 (Requires C3 & C8)</p>	<p>5G Networks: Based on 3GPP 38.xxx Deployment: SA/NSA; Layers: SDAP, RRC, PDCP, RLC, MAC, PHY; MIMO, Beamforming, mmWave, Propagation and Channel Models</p>
<p>Component 11 (Requires C3)</p>	<p>Satellite Communication Networks: Geo Stationary Satellite. Forward link TDMA in Ku Band and Return link MF-TDMA in Ka band per DVB S2. Markov Loo Fading model</p>
<p>Component 12 (Requires C2 & C3)</p>	<p>Underwater Acoustic Networks: Features underwater communication using the acoustic PHY and Thorp propagation models. Interfaces with legacy networks for running slotted aloha in MAC layer</p>
<p>Network Emulator Add On</p>	<p>Network Emulator: Connect real hardware running live applications to NetSim Simulator. Interface with Raspberry Pi</p>
<p>Advanced 5G Add On (Requires C10)</p>	<p>Advanced 5G: Block Error Rate (BLER), UL and DL Interference, Outer Loop Link Adaptation (OLLA).</p>

NETSIM 5G LIBRARY

Overview

- End-to-End simulation of 5G networks
- Devices: UE, gNB, 5G Core, Router, Switch, Server
- Interfaces with NetSim's proprietary TCP/IP stack providing simulation capability across all layers of the stack
- Application Models - FTP, HTTP, Voice, Video, Email, DB, Custom and more
- 5G Core covering AMF, SMF and UPF.
- SA and NSA (LTE-5G dual connectivity) deployment architectures



Specifications

- MAC Layer based on specification 38.321
 - MAC Scheduler featuring Round Robin, Proportional Fair, Max Throughput and Strictly fair algorithms
 - Link Adaptation to change MCS based on CQI
 - HARQ with retransmissions and soft combining
 - Radio resource allocation log
- PHY Layer
 - Flexible sub-carrier spacing in the NR frame structure using multiple numerologies $\mu = 0, 1, 2, 3$
 - FR1 and FR2, TDD and FDD, Carrier aggregation
 - Radio measurements log: SNR, RSSI, Pathloss, ShadowFading Loss, BeamformingGain, CQI, MCS
 - PHY layer modulations supported - BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
 - MIMO
 - » gNB antenna count supported 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128
 - » UE antenna count supported 1, 2, 4, 8, 16
 - Digital and Analog Beamforming
 - Interference Models
- RF propagation (Based on 3GPP TR38.900 Channel Model)
 - Rural Macro, Urban Macro, Urban Micro, Indoor, Mixed and Open Office. LOS/NLOS. Outdoor to Indoor
- Mobility and Handover

Featured Examples

- Effect of distance on pathloss for different channel models - Rural-Macro, Urban-Macro, Urban-Micro
- Effect of UE distance on throughput in FR1 and FR2
- Impact of MAC Scheduling algorithms on throughput, in a Multi UE scenario
- 5G Peak Throughput: 3.5 GHz n78 band, 26 GHz n258 band
- Impact of numerology on a RAN with phones, sensors, and cameras
- 4G vs. 5G: Capacity analysis for video downloads

MACHINE LEARNING (ML) WITH NETSIM

Machine learning algorithms can be interfaced with NetSim to support a vast array of R&D applications, including:

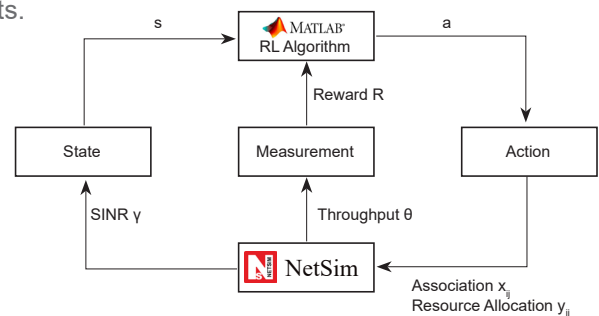
- Traffic estimation, Load balancing, Throughput prediction
- Power control, Beamforming, Interference management, Signal strength analysis
- MAC Scheduling, Quality of service (QoS) optimization

ML Algorithms

- Supervised learning: Incorporate Deep Q-Networks (DQN), Deep Neural Networks (DNN), Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs), etc., for pattern recognition and predictive analytics in wireless comm. and traffic management
- Reinforcement learning: Utilize algorithms like Multi-armed Bandit, Q-learning, and Temporal Difference (TD) learning for adaptive decision-making in dynamic network environments.

RL Control Loop using MATLAB interfacing

- NetSim transmits states and rewards to MATLAB
- ML algorithm in MATLAB processes this information.
- Post-processing, MATLAB communicates the optimal actions back to NetSim, ensuring a continuous loop of learning and adaptation.



NetSim - MATLAB RL interfacing for 5G load balancing

Generate synthetic data for ML

NetSim can generate vast amounts of perfectly labeled data that is representative of a wide variety of scenarios and edge cases. Data and output files include:

- Network Performance Metrics
- Instantaneous and average throughputs for each link and each application
- Buffer occupancy vs. time, TCP congestion window vs. time
- Packet trace: 30+ parameters for every packet as it flows through the network. These include arrival times, queuing times, departure times, payload, overhead, errors, collisions, etc
- Radio measurements: SINR, Pathloss, Shadowing, Fast fading, LOS/NLOS states, O2I Loss, MCS, CQI, UE-gNB distances, UE-gNB association.
- Radio resource allocation: Buffer fill (queue size), scheduling metric, PRB allocation

WHAT ARE SOME RESEARCH AREAS WHERE NETSIM IS USED ?

List of R&D projects with code and documentation is available at www.tetcos.com/file-exchange.html

5G Networks

- » Heterogeneous networks
- » MAC Scheduling and resource allocation
- » PHY: MIMO, Interference, Beamforming

Internet Of Things (IoT)

- » IoT security
- » Energy management and sustainable operation
- » 6LoWPAN based IoT design

Wireless Sensor Networks (WSN)

- » Energy efficiency
- » Routing, Clustering and LEACH
- » Localization

Software Defined Networks (SDN)

- » SDN based Wired/Wireless/MANETs/VANETs
- » Performance evaluation
- » SDN based traffic engineering and QoS

Vehicular Adhoc Networks(VANETs)

- » v2v and v2i communication
- » Mobility models and connectivity
- » Clustering and routing

Underwater Acoustic Networks

- » Acoustic PHY propagation
- » Multi-hop routing
- » Localization

Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANET)

- » Location based, Power aware routing
- » Sinkhole attack
- » Intrusion detection systems

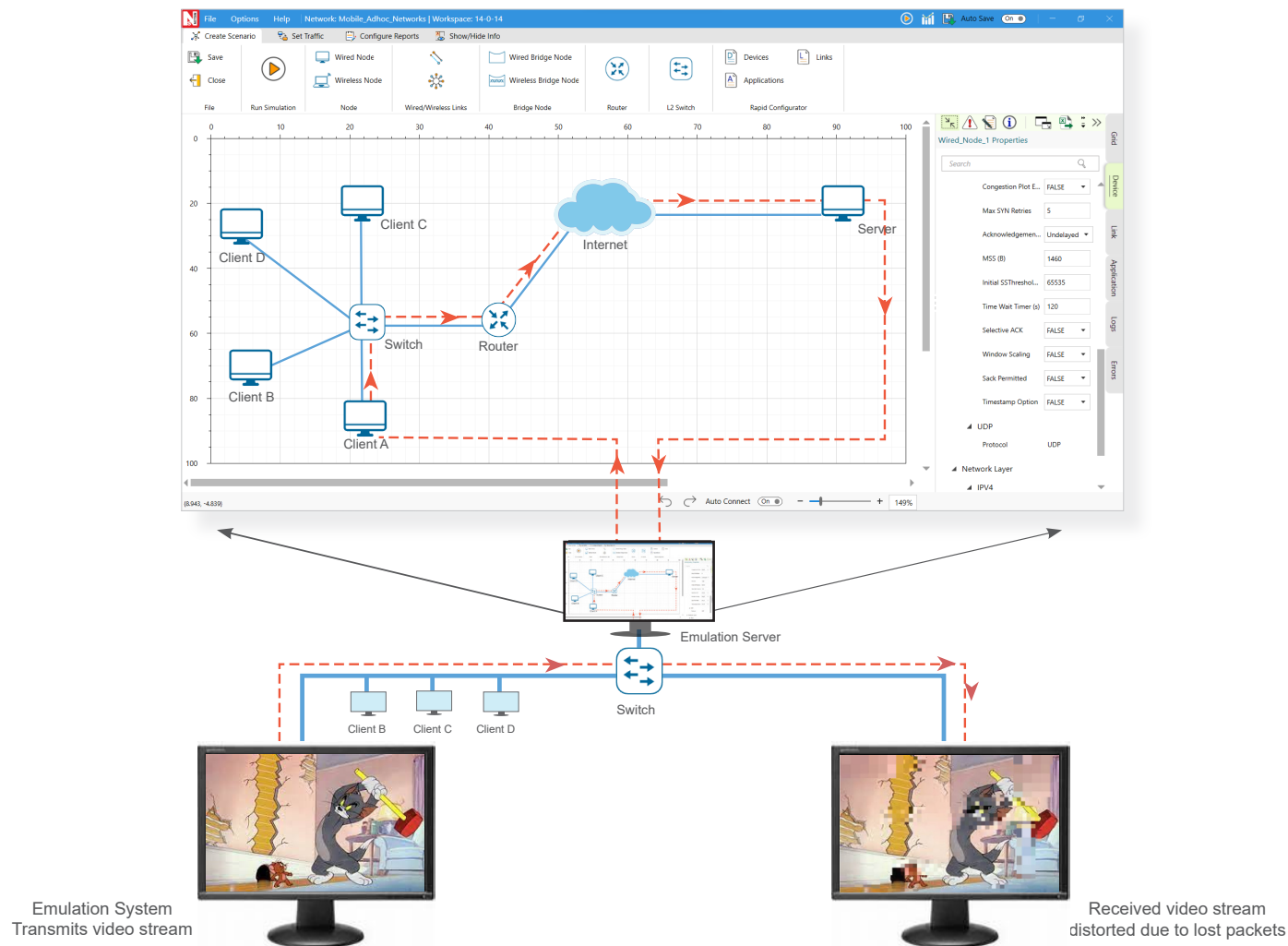


RESEARCH

HOW DO I CONNECT REAL DEVICES TO NETSIM FOR EMULATION ?

NetSim emulator provides critical insights into application performance by enabling user to run their live application over an equivalent virtual network and see how the application is performing in real time.

NetSim is an IP based, data plane, flow-through network emulator; NetSim emulates the network for the data flowing between the client(s) and server(s)



What is Emulation?

- » NetSim Emulator enables users to connect NetSim simulator to real hardware and interact with live applications
- » Users can test the performance of real applications over a virtual network.
- » If you are designing a new network or expanding an existing network then NetSim emulator will enable you to run your live application over an equivalent virtual network and see how the application is performing in real time

Where can it be used?

- » Military radio networks
- » Satellite link analysis
- » Network attack simulation
- » R&D in new protocol design

How does it work?

- » Create the desired network in the Emulation server using NetSim GUI
- » Route traffic from the PC's/VM's where your application runs, to NetSim emulation server
- » Each live PC/VM corresponds to a node in the simulated network. In the simulated network map the device IP addresses per the real PC/VM
- » Run your application & Measure various parameters such as throughput, delay, loss etc. for your live application using Wireshark

What are the benefits?

- » Can be used to emulate a wide range of technologies
- » Switching, Routing, MANETs, 4G-LTE networks etc.,
- » NetSim Emulator is a cost effective alternative to hardware emulators that have high costs, complicated configuration requirements and limited scale

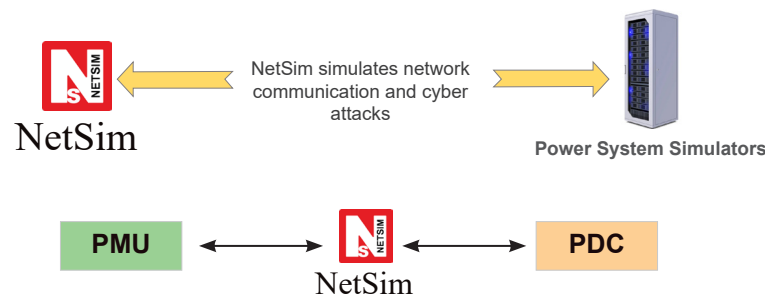
SIMULATING ATTACKS ON CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEMS (CPS) USING NETSIM

Electric power grid and CPS

- The electric power grid (EPG) or smart grid is a critical infrastructure at high risk of cyber-attacks.
- At its core are cyber-physical systems (CPS), that integrate communication and computational technologies to interact seamlessly with the physical world.
- Key CPS components like automated control systems, remote terminal units, PLCs, and IEDs are all connected to one another over a communication network.

Why choose NetSim for your cyber-physical testbed?

- Security of CPSs can be improved by using a testbed to replicate power systems operating conditions and evaluate grid operation under maliciously constructed scenarios.
- Hardware testbeds are costly, inflexible, hard to scale and demand safety considerations. Software testbeds overcome these difficulties and can function as digital twins.
- A software testbed generally comprises of a power system simulator and a network simulator. The former models all the power electronics devices, power transmission and distribution while the latter models the communications network.



The screenshot displays the NetSim user interface. The top pane shows a list of captured packets, with one packet selected. The bottom pane shows the details of the selected packet, which is a SYNCHROPHASOR packet. A blue arrow points from the text 'Traffic Capture before Attack in NetSim using in-built interfacing with Wireshark.' to the packet list. Another blue arrow points from the text 'Traffic capture after attack in NetSim. Observe FDI Attack on the SYNCHROPHASOR packet.' to the packet details pane.

Interfacing with real-time power system simulators

NetSim can interface with the following:

- » OPAL-RT
- » RTDS
- » HYPERSIM
- » PSCAD
- » MATLAB

Simulating network attacks for proactive defense

Given below are some example attacks that can be simulated using NetSim:

- » Denial-of-Service (DoS) Attack
- » Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Attack
- » Man-in-the-Middle (MitM) Attack
- » Packet Sniffing
- » Network Traffic Manipulation

Extensive protocol support

- IEEE C37.118 protocol (Synchrophasor Protocol)
- Generic Object-Oriented Substation Events (GOOSE), a subset of IEC 61850
- DNP3 (over TCP/IP)
- Modbus (over TCP/IP)
- IEC 60870-5-104 (over TCP/IP)

NETSIM FOR TEACHING/LABS

NetSim features in-built sample experiments to teach networking fundamentals through simulation.

List of Experiments

- I. Introduction to network simulation and NetSim
 1. Introduction to NetSim
 2. Understand the working of basic networking commands - ping, route add/delete/print, ACL
 3. Understand the events involved in NetSim discrete event simulation in simulating flow of one packet from a wired node to a wireless node
- II. Network performance
 1. Data traffic types and network performance measures
 2. Simulating link failure
 3. Delay and Little's law
 4. Throughput and bottleneck server analysis
- III. Routing & Switching
 1. Study the working and routing table formation of interior routing protocols, RIP and OSPF
 2. Understand working of ARP and IP forwarding within a LAN and across a router
 3. Simulate and study the spanning tree protocol.
 4. Understanding VLAN operation in L2 and L3 switches
 5. Understanding access and trunk links in VLANs
 6. Understanding public IP address & Network Address Translation (NAT)
 7. M/D/1 and M/G/1 queues
 8. Understand the working of OSPF
- IV. Transmission control protocol (TCP)
 1. Introduction to TCP connection management
 2. Reliable data transfer with TCP
 3. Mathematical modelling of TCP throughput performance
 4. TCP congestion control algorithms
 5. Understand the working of TCP BIC congestion control algorithm, simulate, and plot the TCP congestion window.
- V. Wi-Fi: IEEE 802.11
 1. Wi-Fi: Throughput variation with distance
 2. Wi-Fi: UDP download throughput
 3. How many downloads can a Wi-Fi access point simultaneously handle?
 4. Multi-AP Wi-Fi networks: channel allocation
 5. Wi-Fi multimedia extension (IEEE 802.11e)
- VI. Internet of things (IoT) and wireless sensor networks
 1. One hop IoT network over IEEE 802.15.4
 2. IoT multi-hop sensor-sink path
 3. Performance evaluation of a star topology IoT network
 4. Study the 802.15.4 Superframe structure and analyze the effect of superframe order on throughput
- VII. Cognitive radio
 1. To analyze how the allocation of frequency spectrum to primary and secondary users affects throughput
- VIII. Cellular Networks
 1. Study how call blocking probability varies as the load on a GSM network is continuously increased
- IX. 5G NR
 1. Understanding the 5G NR PHY
 2. MIMO Beamforming in 5G: A start with MISO and SIMO
 3. Understanding 5G NR (3GPP) pathloss models
 4. Performance of OFDMA SU-MIMO in 5G
 5. 5G Numerologies and their impact on end-to-end latencies
 6. MIMO Communication: Channel Matrix Asymptotic Analysis
 7. Impact of Interference in 5G Networks
 8. On the Study of MAC Scheduling algorithms in 5G Communications
 9. Study of 5G Handover procedure

View complete Experiments manual online at: https://tetcos.com/downloads/v14/NetSim_Experiment_Manual.pdf

HOW DOES NETSIM COMPARE WITH OPEN SOURCE SIMULATORS ?

	Open Source Simulators	NetSim™ Standard
Install	Complicated installation process. Requires knowledge of various compilers and support packages for Python, QT, Doxygen, Mercurial, TCP Dump, and more	Two minute click-through installation
OS/Compiler Support	Linux gcc / g++	Windows Visual Studio (community Edition)
Ease of Use	Write hundreds of lines of script code to create network scenarios. Need to know various scripting and programming languages	Easy to use GUI allows users to simply drag and drop devices, links and applications
Simulation Output	Analyse and write code to extract performance results from multi megabyte files	Results dashboard provides appealing simulation performance reports with tables & graphs
Data Visualization	Fragmented tools with each requiring users to write programs for visualization	Inbuilt graphing with extensive formatting (axes, colours, zoom, titles etc)
Technologies	Limited technologies Stand alone	Wide range of technologies including the latest in 5G, IoT, WSN, MANET, VANET, SDN, LTE-Adv Cognitive Radio, 802.11 n / ac.. and more. Libraries work together
Lab Experimentation	Unsure of the quality of the build / patch you have used and if the results are even valid at the end	Comes with a pre-built set of 30-experiments covering important networking concepts
External Interface	Spend many days researching how to link to external software	Inbuilt interfaces to external software like MATLAB®, SUMO and Wireshark
Easy Debug	Code tens of printf statements to debug your code	Online debug capability and ability to 'watch' all variables.
Support	No personalized ontime support Users dependent on online resources which require advanced programming knowledge	Professional support via email, helpdesk, remote desktop and phone

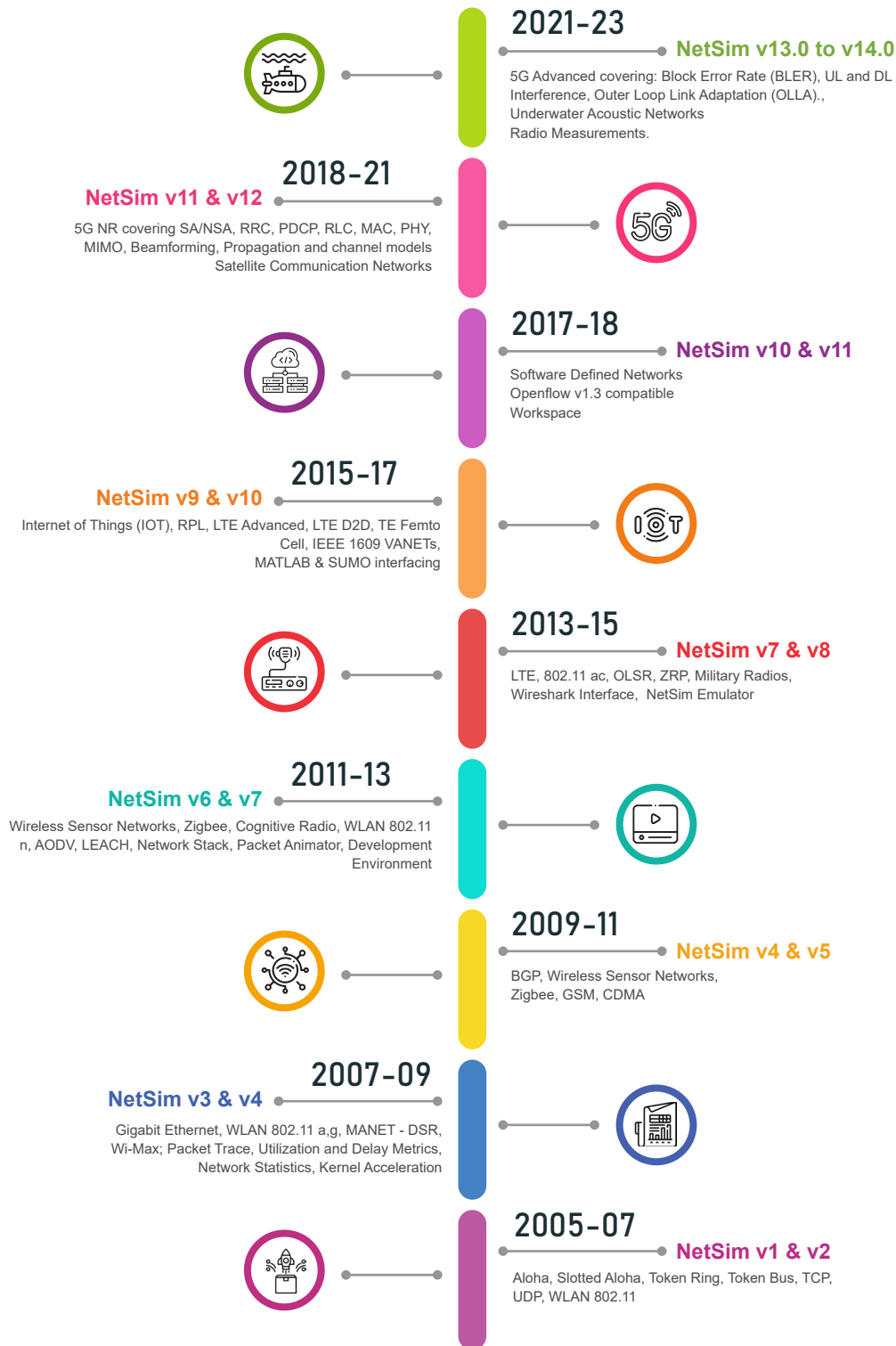
HOW DO THE DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF NETSIM COMPARE ?

NetSim Standard and NetSim Academic are targeted at educational institutions. NetSim Pro is supplied to Defence and Industry. Please visit www.tetcos.com for more information on NetSim Pro.

Technology Coverage	NetSim® Academic	NetSim® Standard
Internetworks	✓	✓
Legacy Networks	✓	✓
SDN	✓	✓
MANETs	✓	✓
Cellular Networks	✓	✓
Wireless Sensor Networks	✓	✓
Internet Of Things	✓	✓
Cognitive Radio Networks	✓	✓
LTE/LTE-A Networks	✓	✓
VANETs	✗	✓
5G NR	✗	✓
5G Advanced	✗	✓
Satellite Communication Networks	✗	✓
Underwater Acoustic Networks	✗	✓
Performance Reporting Performance metrics available for Network and Sub-network	✓	✓
Packet Trace Available in csv format for easy post processing	✓	✓
Protocol Library Source Codes with Documentation Protocol C source codes with extensive documentation	✗	✓
External Interfacing Interfacing with SUMO, MATLAB and Wireshark	✗	✓
Integrated Debugging Write and link code to NetSim and debug using Visual Studio	✗	✓
Event Trace Logs every event processed by NetSim's discrete event engine	✗	✓
Dynamic Metrics Allows users to graph the values of parameter over simulation time	✗	✓
Simulation Scale	100 Nodes	500 Nodes
Target Users and Segment	Educational (Lab use)	Educational (Research)
Emulator (Add on) Connect to real hardware running live applications	✗	✓

OUR JOURNEY

Our customers benefit from our 17+ years of experience in the field of network simulation.



SUPPORT ECOSYSTEM



SELECT LIST OF EDUCATION CUSTOMERS



Education - India

AC College of Technology, Karaikudi	IIIT, Bangalore	NIT, Jalandhar
Agra Engg. College, Agra	IIIT, Guwahati	NIT, Kurukshetra
Aliah University, Kolkata	IIIT, Gwalior	NIT, Manipur
Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh	IIIT, Raipur	NIT, Meghalaya
Anna University College of Engg., Chennai	IIST, Trivandrum	NIT, Nagaland
Army Institute of Technology, Pune	IIT, Bhubaneswar	NIT, Nagpur
Assam University, Silchar	IIT, Delhi	NIT, Rourkela
A.U College of Engg. Vizag	IIT, Dhanbad	NIT, Sikkim
B.C.Roy Engg. College, West Bengal	IIT, Goa	NIT, Silchar
Basaveshvar College of Engg., Karnataka	IIT, Kanpur	NIT, Surat
Bhilai Institute of Technology, Chattisgarh	IIT, Kharagpur	NIT, Suratkal
BIT, Mesra, Patna Campus	IIT, Patna	NIT, Trichy
BITS, Pilani, Goa Campus	IIT, Roorkee	NIT, Yupia
BITS, Pilani, Hyderabad Campus	Institute of Tech & Management, Gwalior	NITTR, Chandigarh
BITS, Pilani, Pilani Campus	Jabalpur Engineering College, Jabalpur	PEC, Chandigarh
BVCOEP, Pune	Jadavpur University, Kolkata	Pondicherry Engg. College, Puducherry
Central Institute of Technology, Kokrajhar	JNTU College of Engg., Ananthapur	Pondicherry University, Puducherry
CIT, Coimbatore	JNTU College of Engg., Hyderabad	PSG College of Technology, Coimbatore
College of Engg. and Tech, Bhubaneswar	JNTU College of Engg., Kakinada	Punjab College of Engineering, Chandigarh
College of Engg., Pune	K.K Wagh College of Engineering, Nashik	RGPV, Bhopal
DAIICT, Ahmedabad	Kongu Engg. College, Erode	Sant Longowal Inst of Technology, Punjab
DCRUST, Murthal	Kumaon Engineering College, Uttarakhand	Sastra University, Thanjavur, TN
Delhi Technical University, Delhi	M.M.M College of Engineering, Gorakhpur	Sree Chitra Tirunal Engg. College, Trivandrum
Dibrugarh University, Assam	Malnad College of Engg., Hassan	Shivaji University, Kolhapur
Dr. D.Y Patil Inst of Engg. and Tech, Pune	MIT, Chennai	Sinhgad College of Engineering, Pune
FGIET, Bariely	MIT, Pune	SMVDU, Katra
GNDEC, Ludhiana	Mizoram University, Aizawl	SPIT, Mumbai
Govt College of Technology, Coimbatore	Motihari College of Engineering, Bihar	Thanthai Periyar Govt Inst of Tech, TN
Govt Engineering College, Farmagudi, Goa	MS University, Tirunelveli	Thapar University, Patiala
Govt Engineering College, Idukki, Kerala Govt	Mukesh Patel College of Engg., Mumbai	TIT, Tripura
Engineering College, Kannur, Kerala	NEC, Kovilpatti	UIET, Chandigarh
Govt Engineering College, Raipur	NERIST, Itanagar	University of Calcutta, Kolkata
Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar	NIT, Agartala	VES Institute of Technology Mumbai
Gwalior Engg. College, Gwalior	NIT, Bhopal	VIT, Andhra Pradesh
Haldia Institute of Technology, Kolkata	NIT, Calicut	VIT Chennai
IFTM University, Moradabad	NIT, Delhi	VIT, Vellore
IGIT, Dhenkanal, Orissa	NIT, Durgapur	VJTI, Mumbai
IIEST, Shibpur	NIT, Hamirpur	VNR VJIEI, Hyderabad
IIIT, Allahabad	NIT, Jaipur	Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli

Education - International

Al Nahrain University, Iraq	Polytechnique Montreal, Canada	Singapore Institute of Technology, Singapore
Alberta University, Canada	Electronics and Telecommunications Research	Spelman College, USA
Allepo University, Syria	Institute (ETRI), Korea	Staffordshire University, UK
Anglia Ruskin University, UK	Edith Cowan University, Australia	Sungshin Women's University, South Korea
Asia Pacific University, Malaysia	Universidad de los Andes-School of Electrical and	Taif University, Saudi Arabia
BITS Pilani, Dubai	Electronics Engineering, Colombia	The University of Sydney, Australia
Canterbury Christ Church University, UK	California State University, Bakersfield (CSUB), USA	Transport & Telecom. Inst, Latvia
Concordia University, Canada	London South Bank University, UK	United Arab Emirates University, UAE
Education University of HK, Hong Kong	Land Forces Academy of Sibiu, Romania	University of Calgary, Canada
FREA - AIST, Japan	Lassonde School of Engg., York University, Canada	University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain
Gannon University, USA	University of Calgary, Canada	University of Evry, France
GIST, Korea	Military Technical College, Egypt	University of Jaffna, Srilanka
Greenwich University, UK	National Institute of Telecommunications, Poland	University of Malaysia Pahang, Malaysia
Ingolstadt University, Germany	National Taiwan University, Taiwan	University of Memphis, USA
INTI, Malaysia	National University of Singapore, Singapore	University of Ottawa, Canada
Kent University, UK	North Carolina A&T State University, USA	University of South Australia, Australia
KFUPM, Saudi Arabia	North West University, South Africa	University of Sydney, Australia
KUET, Bangladesh	Northwestern Polytechnical University, China	University of Texas at El Paso, USA
Leeds Beckett Univ, UK	Oslo and Akerhus University, Norway	University of Udine, Italy
Liverpool John Moores University, UK	Pearson Education, USA	University of Wales, UK
Miguel Hernandez University, Spain	Poznań University of Technology, Poland	University Technology Petronas, Malaysia
IHP Microelectronics, Germany	Queen's University, Canada	University Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia
Zhejiang University, China	Sheffield University, UK	UTHM, Malaysia

500+ CUSTOMERS ACROSS 25+ COUNTRIES



Meet our team at:



IEEE International Conference on Communications
9-13 June 2024 // Denver, CO, USA



IEEE Global Communications Conference
8 - 12, December 2024 // Cape Town, South Africa



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sales@tetcos.com

TETCOS LLP #214, 7th Main, 39th A Cross, Jayanagar 5th Block, Bangalore Pin - 560 041, India.

Tel-fax : +91 80 2663 0624

Tech Support : +91 76760 54321

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